



# Mu3e experiment: physics and status

29<sup>th</sup> International Workshop on Weak Interactions and Neutrinos (WIN2023)

**Yifeng Wang** on behalf of the Mu3e Collaboration 7.7.2023





29<sup>th</sup> International Workshop on Weak Interactions and Neutrinos

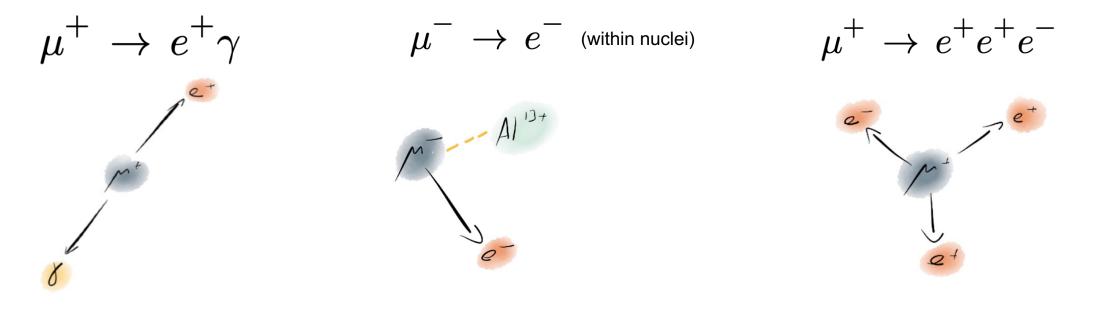
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Worldwide status of muon decay search for charged LFV

See talk by Chen Wu on cLFV experiments



Current: MEG (<  $4.2 \times 10^{-13}$ ) Current: SINDRUM II (<  $7 \times 10^{-13}$ ) Current: SINDRUM ( $< 10^{-12}$ ) Future: MEG II (S.E.S.  $6 \times 10^{-14}$ ) Future: Mu2e and COMET (S.E.S.  $< 10^{-16}$ ) Future: Mu3e (S.E.S.  $10^{-16}$ )



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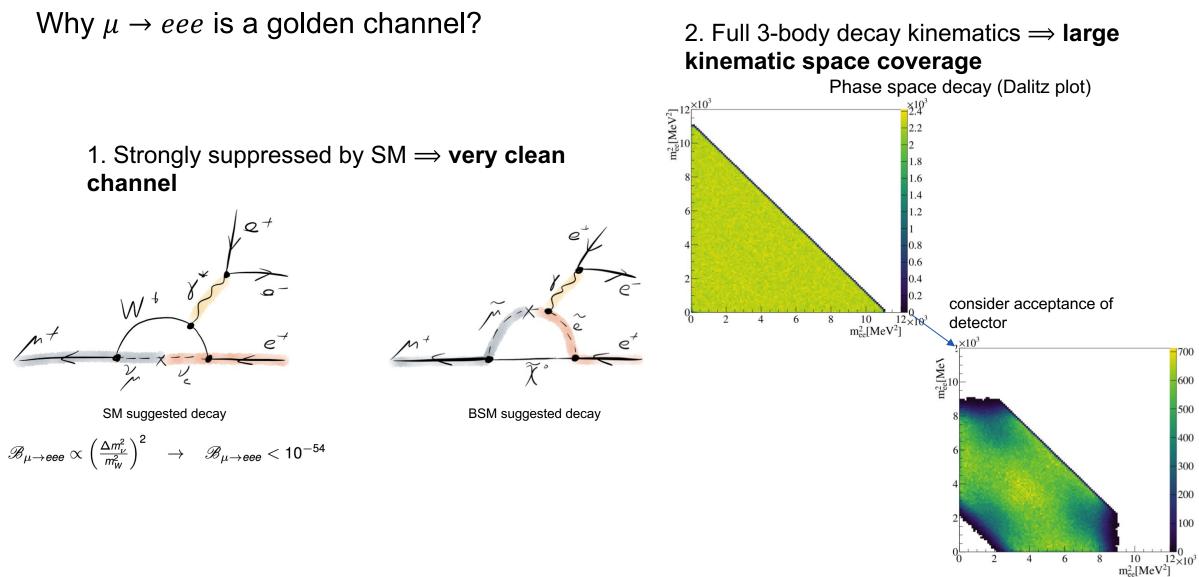
Huang on Mu2e

COMET @ See talk by Yu Xu on COMET

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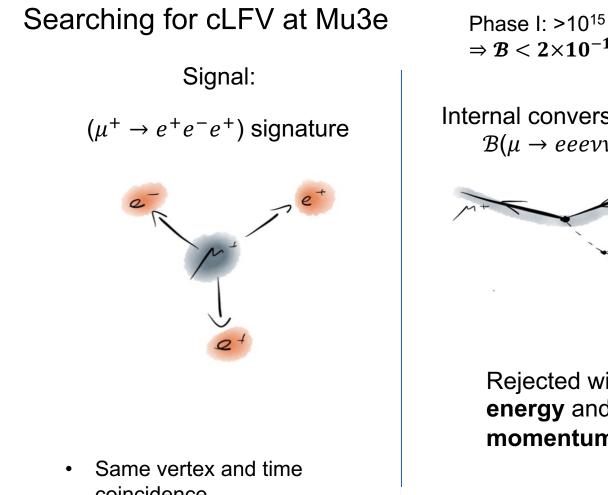
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### Self-introduction of Mu3e

- Mu3e is a future experiment in search for in • search for the cLFV decay  $\mu$ + -> e<sup>+</sup>e<sup>-</sup>e<sup>+</sup>
- Goal: •
  - Observe  $\mu$ + -> e<sup>+</sup>e<sup>-</sup>e<sup>+</sup> if  $B > 10^{-16}$
  - Exclude  $\mathcal{B} > 10^{-16}$  at 90% CL
- Two-staged approach: ٠
  - $\mathcal{B} < a \text{ few } 10^{-15}$ in Phase I (2025-26)
  - $\mathcal{B} < 10^{-16}$ in Phase II (2029+)
- Under construction at **Paul Scherrer Institute** • (PSI) in Switzerland
- ~70 collaborators from institutes in **Switzerland**, ٠ **Germany** and **UK**.







- coincidence
- $(E, \vec{p}) = (m_{\mu}, 0)$

29<sup>th</sup> International Workshop on Weak Interactions and Neutrinos Phase I: >10<sup>15</sup> muons = time x rate =  $2.5*10^7$ s (290days) x  $10^8 \mu^+/s$  $\Rightarrow \mathcal{B} < 2 \times 10^{-15}$ 

Background:

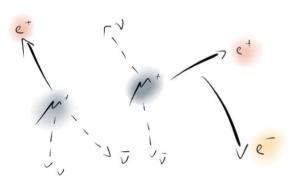
Internal conversion background  $\mathcal{B}(\mu \rightarrow eeevv) = 3 \times 10^{-5}$ 



Rejected with excellent energy and **momentum** resolution

- Same vertex and time • coincidence
- $(E, \vec{p}) \neq (m_{\mu}, 0)$ •

Accidental background  $(\mu \to e\nu\nu) + (? \to ee) \propto N$ 



Rejected with excellent timing and vertex resolution

4

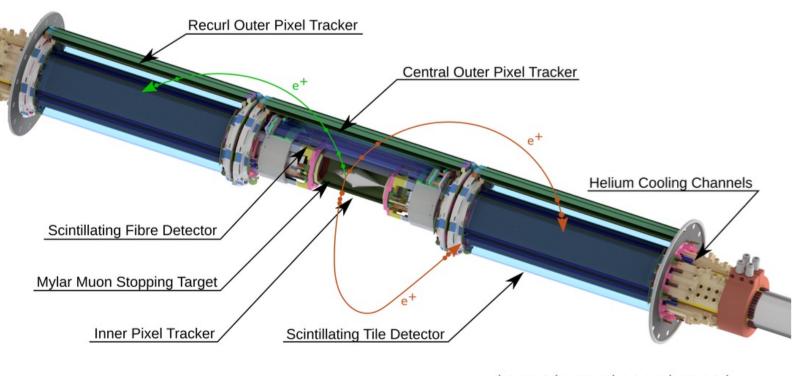
- **Different** vertex and time coincidence
- $(E, \vec{p}) \neq (m_{\mu}, 0)$



### Mu3e design challenges

- Unknown cLFV kinematics
- High and continuous muon rate Beam Pipe
- Internal conversion
- Accidental background
- Multiple scattering

- $\Rightarrow$  Large solid angle and kinematics acceptance
- $\Rightarrow$  Fast and small dead-time readout electronics
- $\Rightarrow$  Excellent momentum resolution (<1 MeV)
- $\Rightarrow$  Excellent timing and vertex resolution (<100 ps and <0.5 mm)
- $\Rightarrow$  Ultra-low material budget (<0.2% X<sub>0</sub> SciFi layer, ~0.1% X<sub>0</sub> per Pixel layer)



40 cm

20

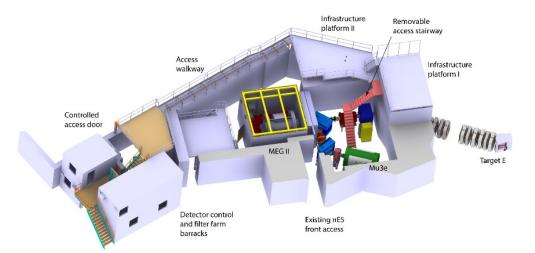
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10

### Beam and target

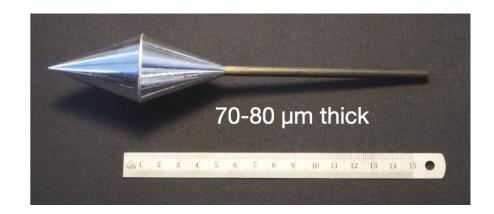


- Delivered by HIPA proton accelerator at PSI
- Proton -> pions -> "surface" muon
- ~28 MeV DC muon beam
- +  $\pi\text{E5}$  / CMBL shared by MEG II and Mu3e
- $7.5 \times 10^7$  muons/s on target





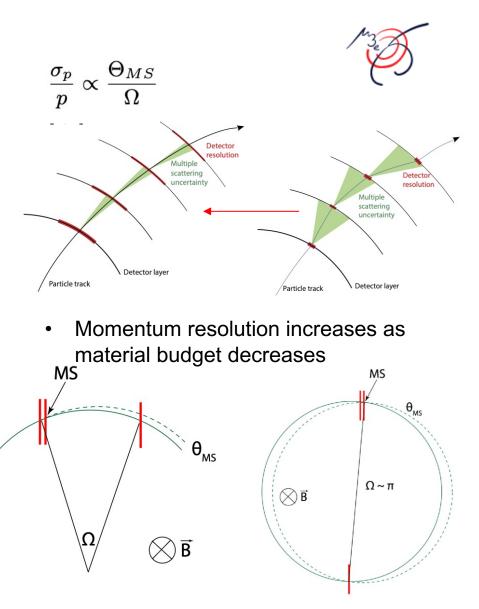
- Double-cone hollow target
- Distribute muon stops over large surface
- Made in Mylar
- Muon stopping ratio: 95.5%
- 100 mm long, 38 mm diameter,



## Magnet and track recurl



- Solenoid magnet with 1.0 T nominal field
- Delivered at PSI, operational



Recurl helps on reducing multiple scattering uncertainties

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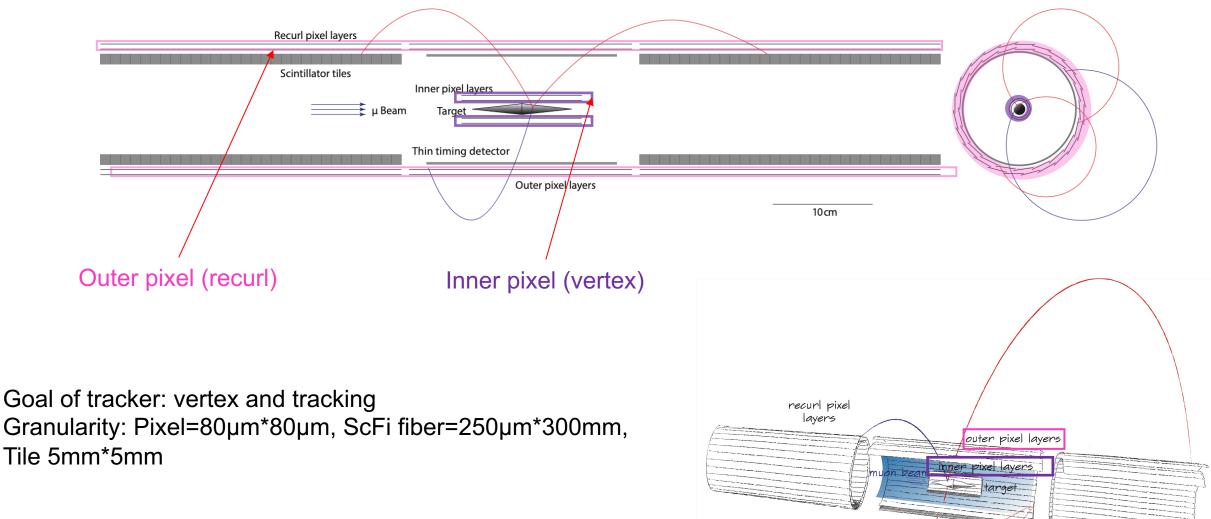




scintillating

fibres

### Pixel tracker in Mu3e

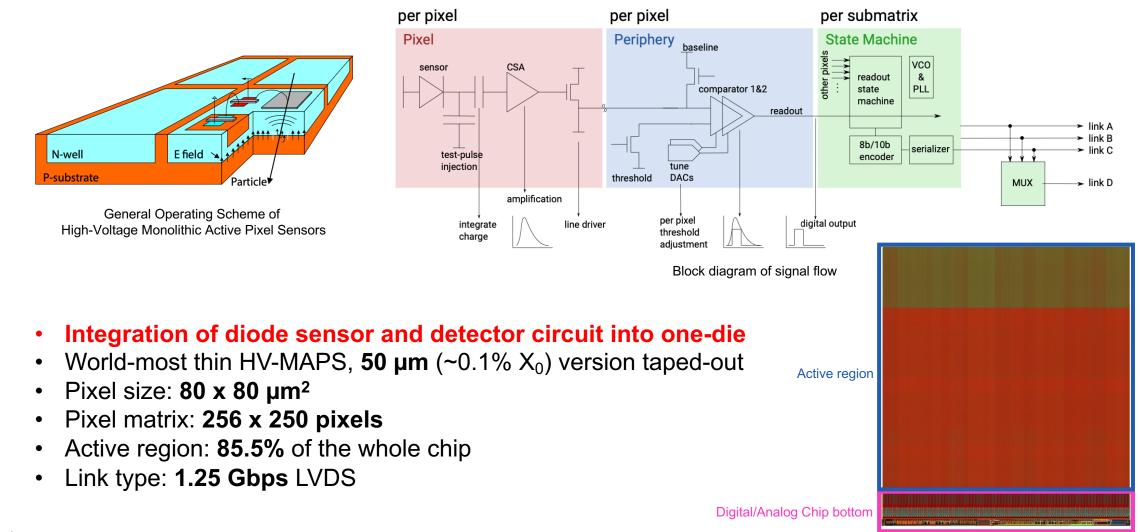


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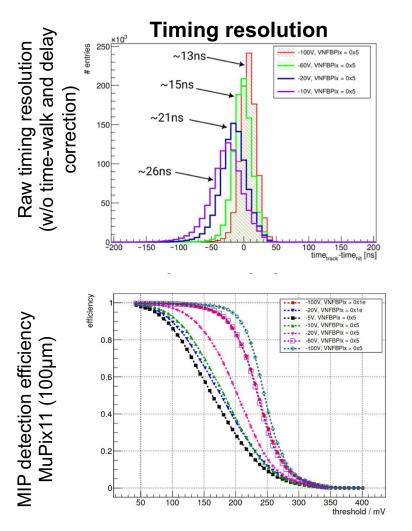


MuPix (HV-MAPS tech.) - high voltage, monolithic, fast charge collection, smart diode

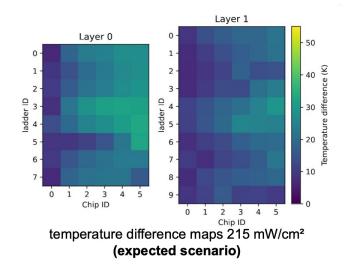




### MuPix performance



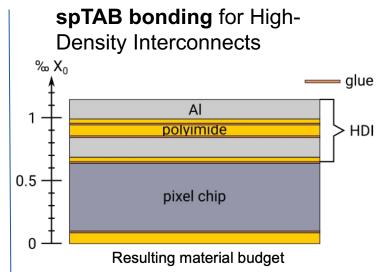
Innovative **gaseous helium cooling** solution with 2g/s, sensor < 70°C

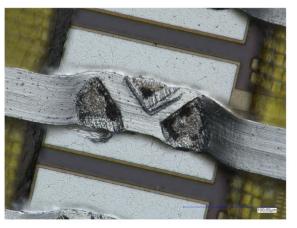


Measured temperature difference of dummy load (at ~ 215 mW/cm2)

• Max. temperature difference < 35 K (215 mW/cm2)

Max. temperature difference < 54 K (350 mW/cm2)





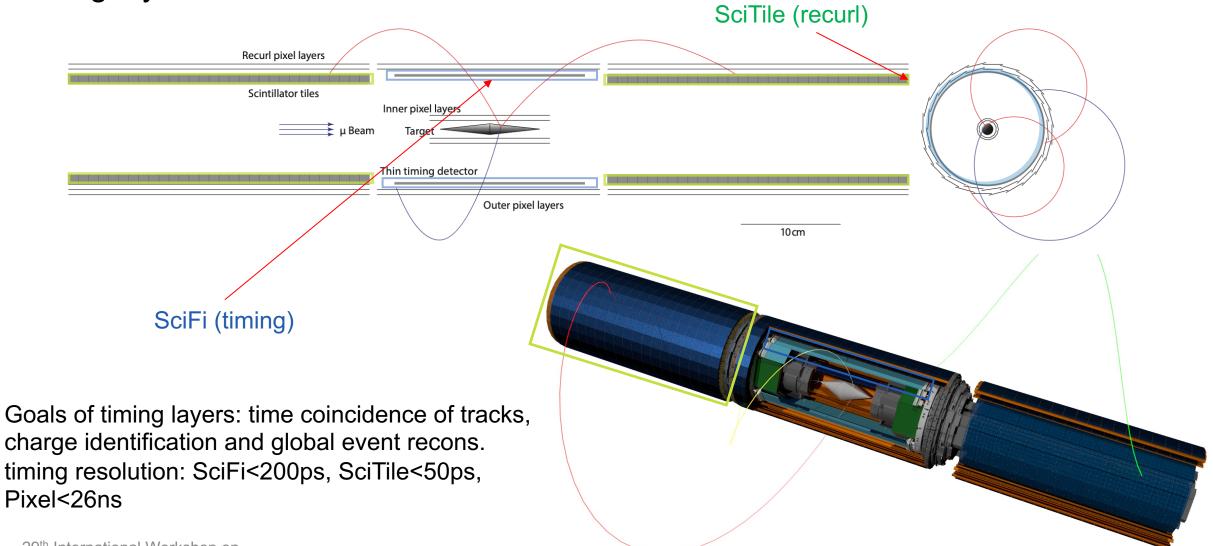
spTAB connection

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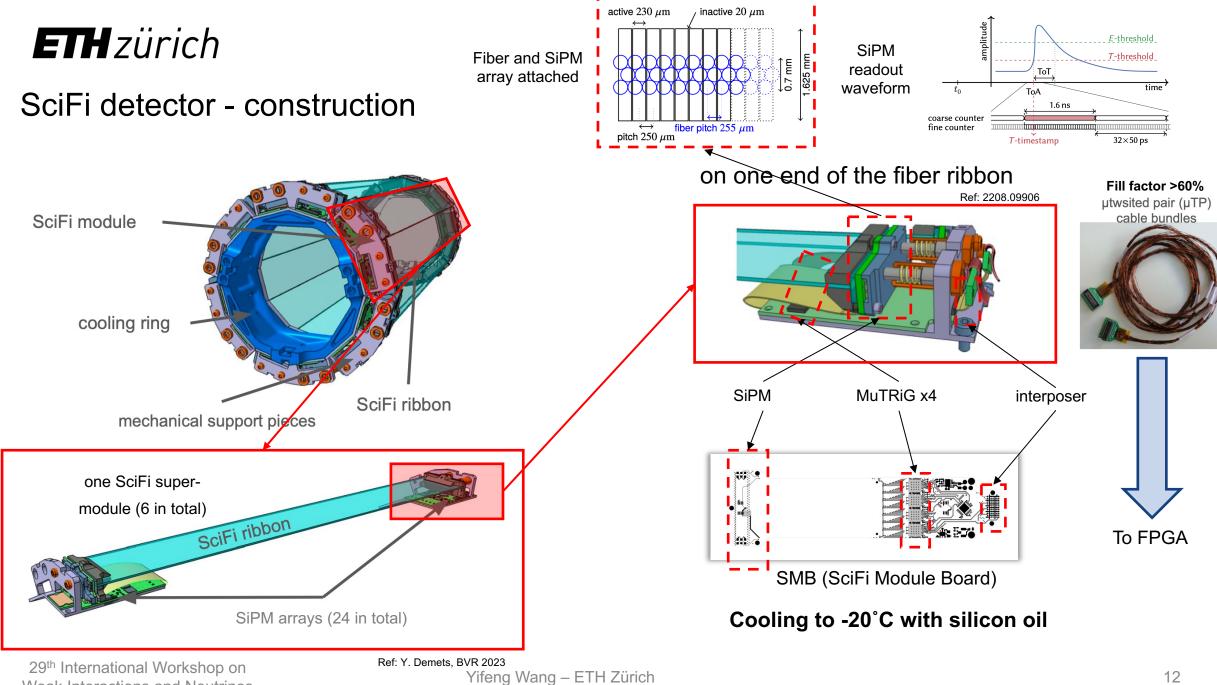


### Timing layers in Mu3e



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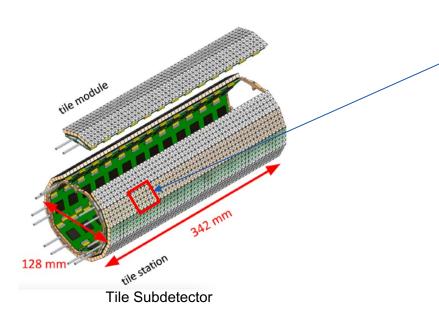
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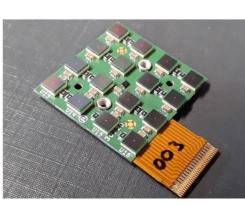
## Scintillating Tiles detector

- Consists of size of 6 x 6 x 5 mm<sup>3</sup> scintillating tiles
- Readout with 3 x 3 mm<sup>2</sup> SiPM (MPPC S13360-3050VE)
- Digitized by MuTRiG (TDC)
- Efficiency > 99%, time resolution ~40ps

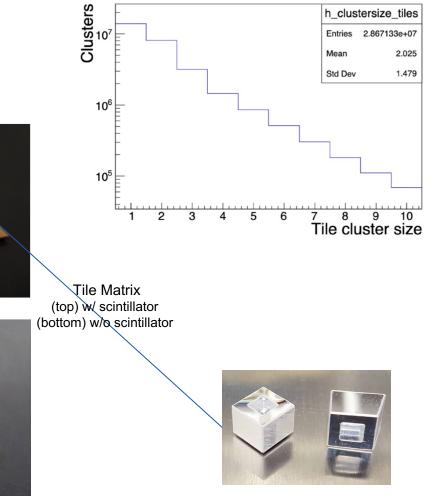




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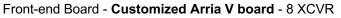
Tile-shape scintillator





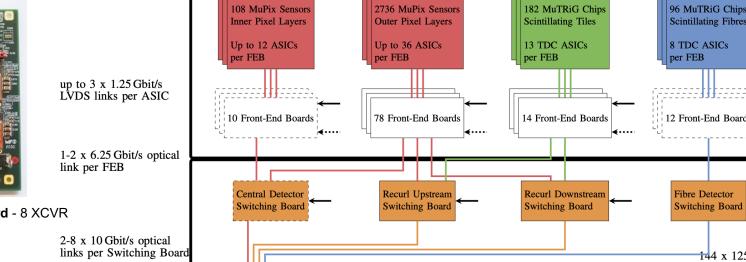
### Triggerless Data acquisition (DAQ) system



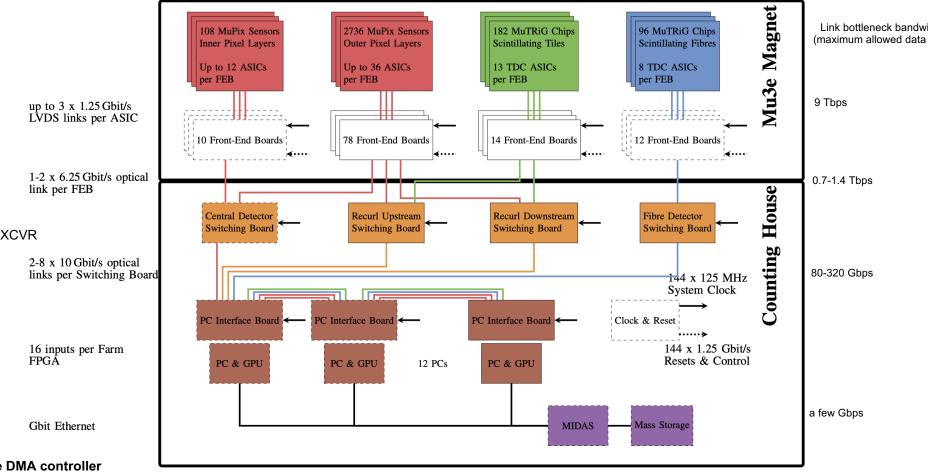








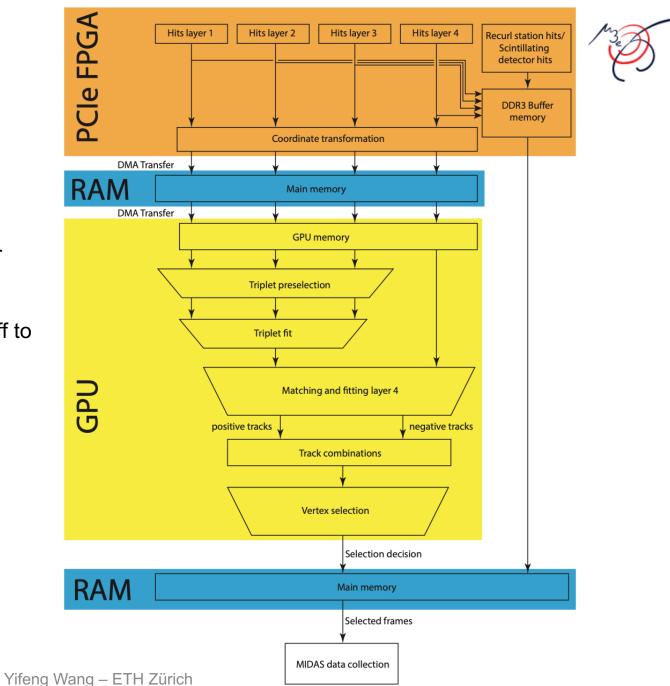
Link bottleneck bandwidth (maximum allowed data rate)



Intel(Altera) FPGAs and GPU farm

## Filter farm

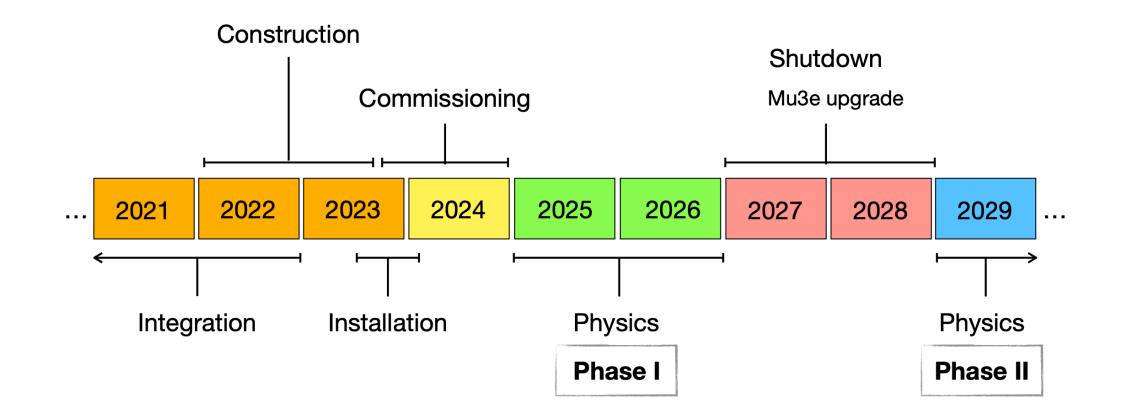
- Triggerless, continuous reconstruction
- Track reconstruction in central pixel detector and vertex finding on GPUs
- Events with  $\mu \rightarrow$  eee candidates are send off to mass storage
- Data reduction by a factor of 80







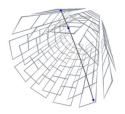
### Mu3e timescale





### Past integration runs

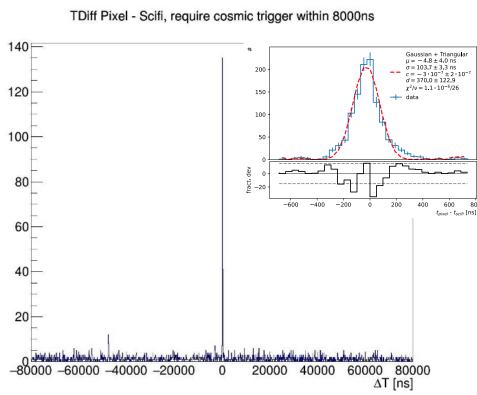
2021 2022







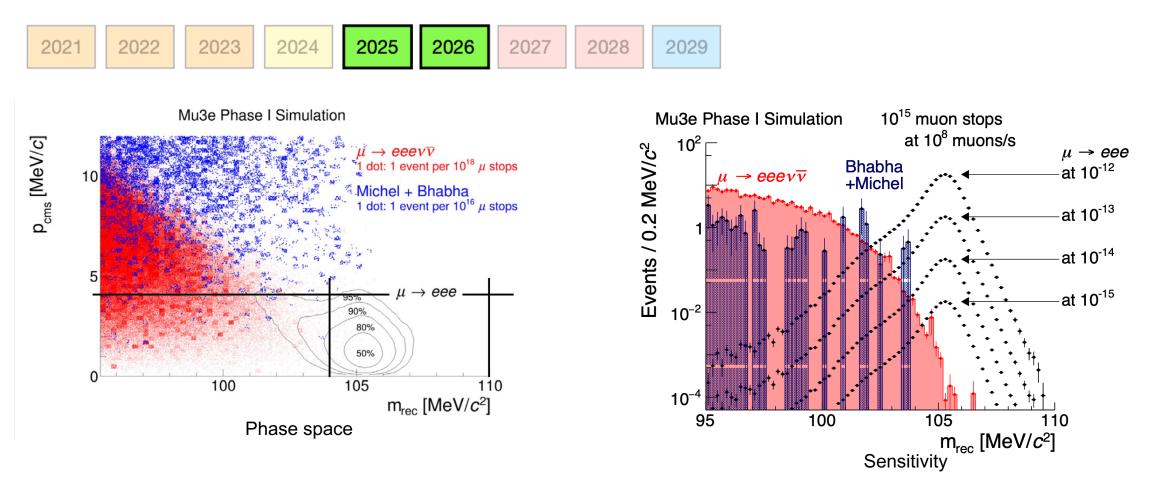
- Integrated runs and testbeam of DAQ, helium/water cooling, magnet
- Reconstructed cosmic muons and recurl electrons
- Track reconstruction and coincidence found to validate the prototype
- Pixel-SciFi and Pixel SciTile combined coincidence search 29<sup>th</sup> International Workshop on Weak Interactions and Neutrinos







### Simulation for Phase I physics



- Vertex resolution ~0.3 mm (<0.5 mm)
- Momentum resolution ~0.9 MeV (<1 MeV)</li>

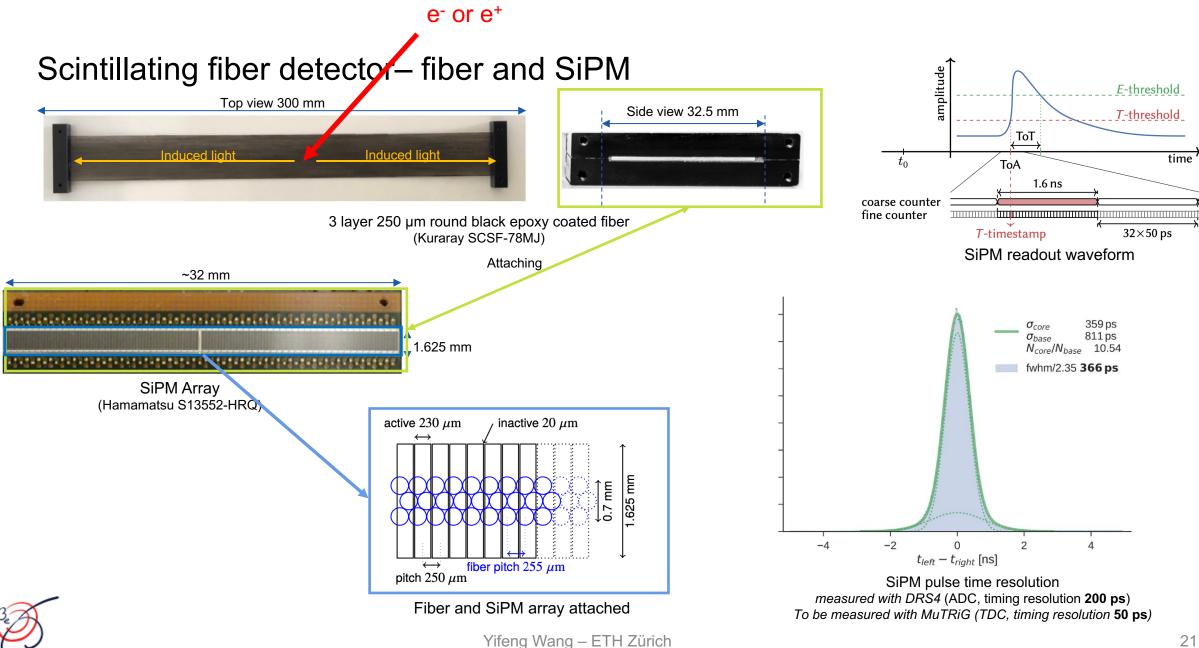
### Conclusion



- Mu3e searching for cLFV violation decay mu->eee
- Technical challenges (momentum, vertex and timing...)
- Innovative technologies (HV-MAPS, MuTRiG, Helium cooling, GPU farm...)
- Two-phase physics plan
  - $\mathcal{B} < a \text{ few } 10^{-15}$  in Phase I (2025-26)
  - $B < 10^{-16}$  in Phase II (2029+)

# Backup slides





## MuTRiG - chip design

 MuTRiG (Muon Timing Resolver including Gigabit-link)

Data link	1.25 Gbps LVDS
IO ports	Fully differential
Analog channels count	32
Wafer	UMC 180 nm
Size	5 mm x 5 mm
Clock speed (nominal)	625MHz

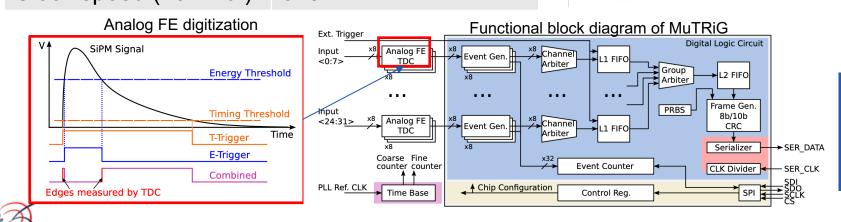
### Power Cut, Province Prov

Power Cut

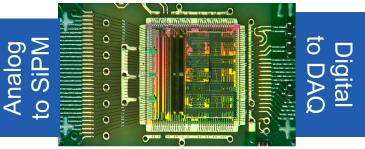
Power Cut

### MuTRiG floorplan

- Event rate > 25 MHz 50 ps time resolution
- On-die hit validation by cluster
  - Rejecting > 1MHz of DCR per ASIC



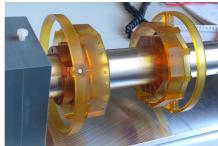
MuTRiG bonded



bare die version in picture for SciFi BGA packaging used for SciTile

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### MuPix assemble to pixel ladder



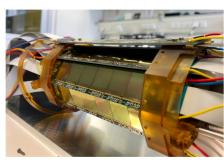


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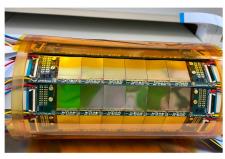
(a) PEI end pieces and double-rings.

(b) Space for cable feedthrough.

(d) Full L1 assembled.



(c) Full L0 assembled.

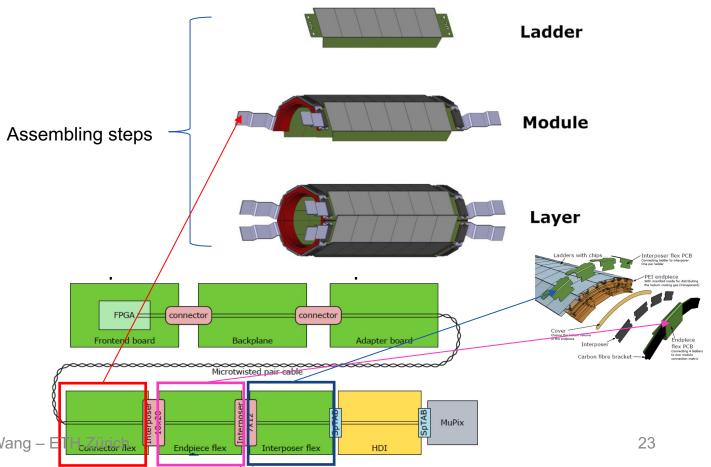




(e) Mounting of the helium confinement.

(f) Fully assembled prototype. Yifeng Wang –  $\Box$ 

- Mock-ups of cabling and assembly performed for innermost pixel layers
- Extreme space constrains for cabling, flex and uTP cable used



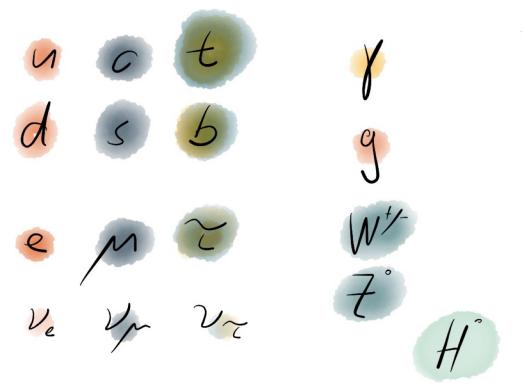
### Lepton flavor violation (LFV)

Lepton flavor violation has been observed in neutrino sector (nLFV)

=> SM extension for nLFV, i.e. PMNS-matrix



Lepton flavor violation has never been observed in charge lepton sector (cLFV)



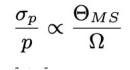
Standard Model particles

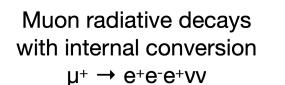


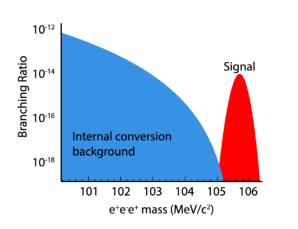


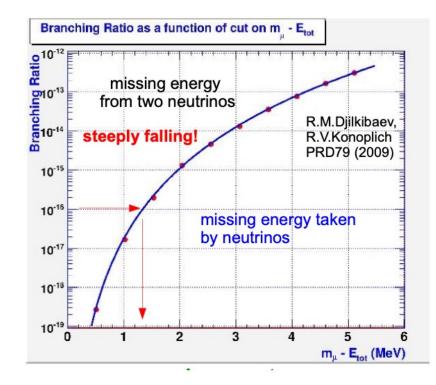
### Mu3e physics with kinematics

• All decayed tracks have momentum <53MeV



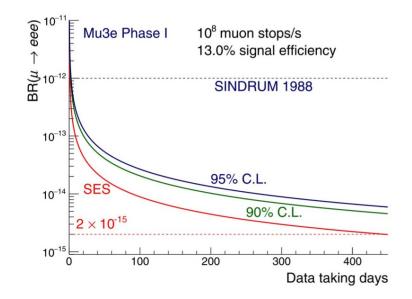








### physics sensitivity, simulations



### More about beam

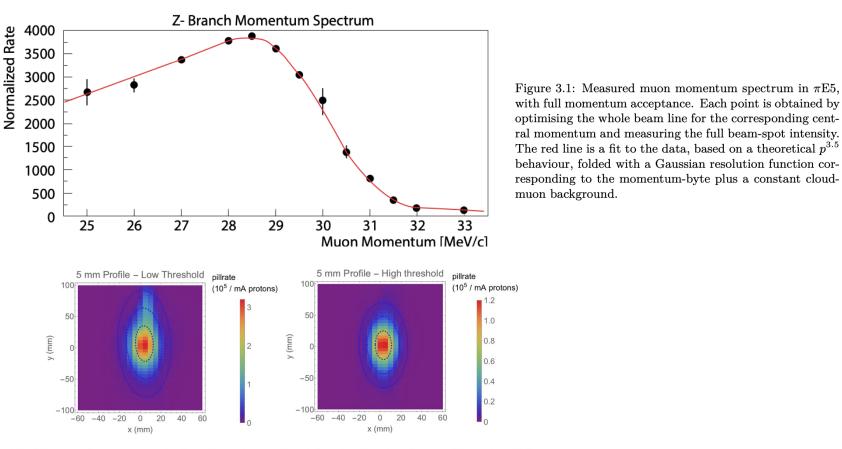


Figure 3.7: Measured beam spot at the injection point to the Mu3e solenoid triggering on either a low (left: muons + Michels + beam positrons) or high (right: muons only) threshold. A 2D Gaussian fit to the muon data yields  $\sigma_x = 8 \text{ mm}$  and  $\sigma_y = 23 \text{ mm}$  with a total rate of  $1.1 \times 10^8 \mu^+/\text{s}$  at a proton current of 2.4 mA for a 40 mm long Target E. The vertical beam positron tail in the low threshold profile (top-part) is without the  $e^+$ -stopper in triplet II and will be totally removed with the upgraded Wien-filter.

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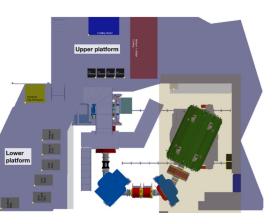




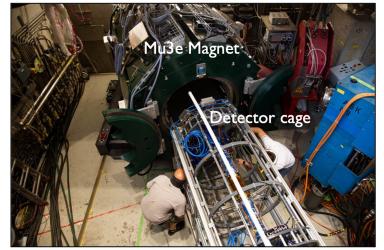


### construction and commissioning status, staging-setup, etc





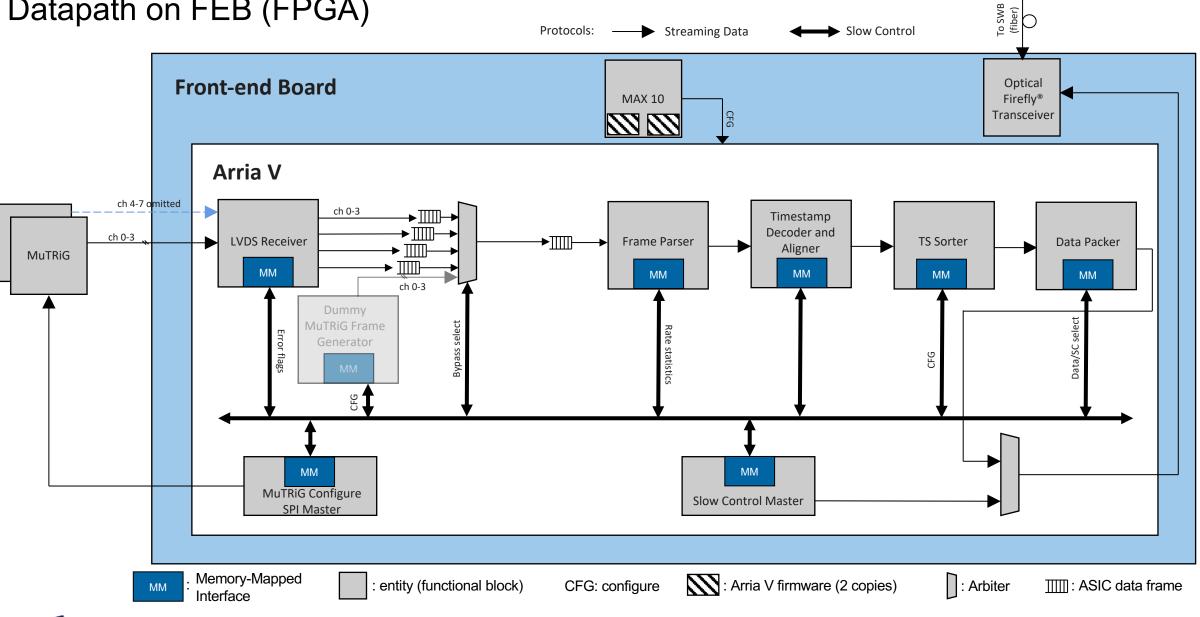
Beam in 2021



Cosmics in 2022

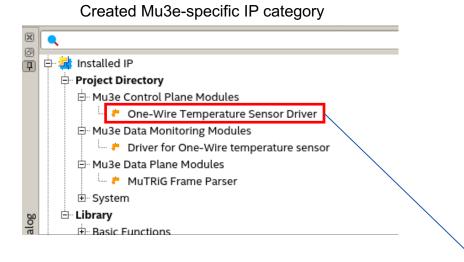


### Datapath on FEB (FPGA)

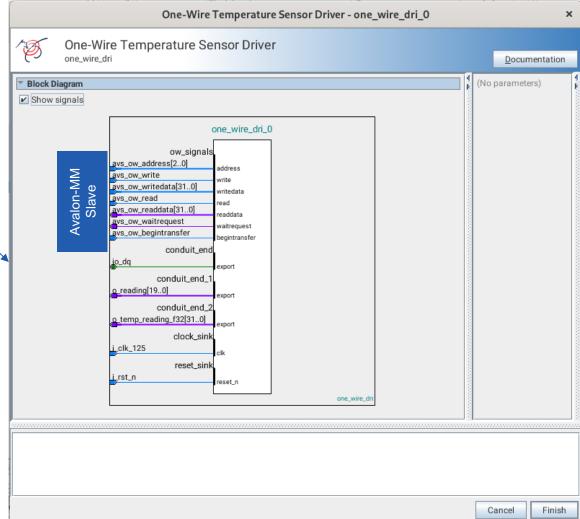


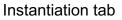


## IP-core library of Mu3e experiment



- Exportable across system (FEB or SWB)
- Integration with NIOS or System Console
- One-click instantiation
- Zero-debugging effort from user side
- User Friendly GUI
- Auto-interconnection with Avalon-Memory Mapped interface
- Display floating-point 32 reading
- Support parasitic powering (with 500 Ohm pullup resistor)
- Support rolling or one-time readout





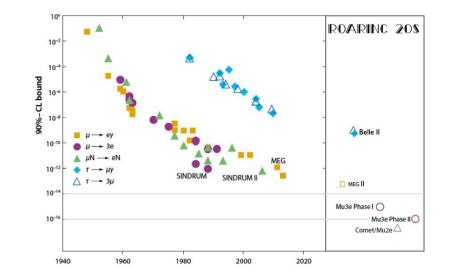
## Mu<sup>3</sup>e phase II

### Mu3e Phase I experiment:

- Run at the  $\pi$ E5 CMBL
- Reach 2 x  $10^{-15}$  S.E.S in 400 days

### Phase I, so there is a phase II?

- Reach 10<sup>-16</sup> S.E.S. on  $\mu^+ \rightarrow e^+e^+e^-$
- Can not run at the existing beamline, Need  $10^9 \mu^+/s$  on target



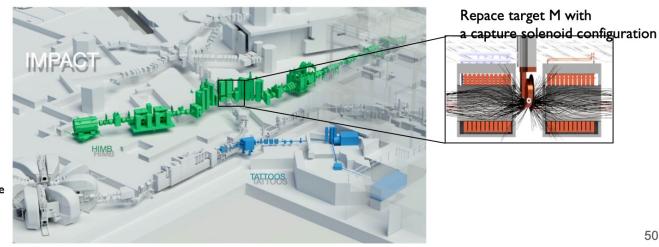
### Slides from Frederik Wauters in CLFV2023

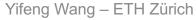
Mu3e one of the main physics cases for this next generation facility.

Science Case for the new High-Intensity Muon Beams HIMB at PSI Edited by A. Knecht, F. Meier Aeschbacher, T. Prokscha, S. Ritt, A. Signer

### arXiv:2111.05788

+ https://www.psi.ch/en/impact + Thursday afternoon at this conference

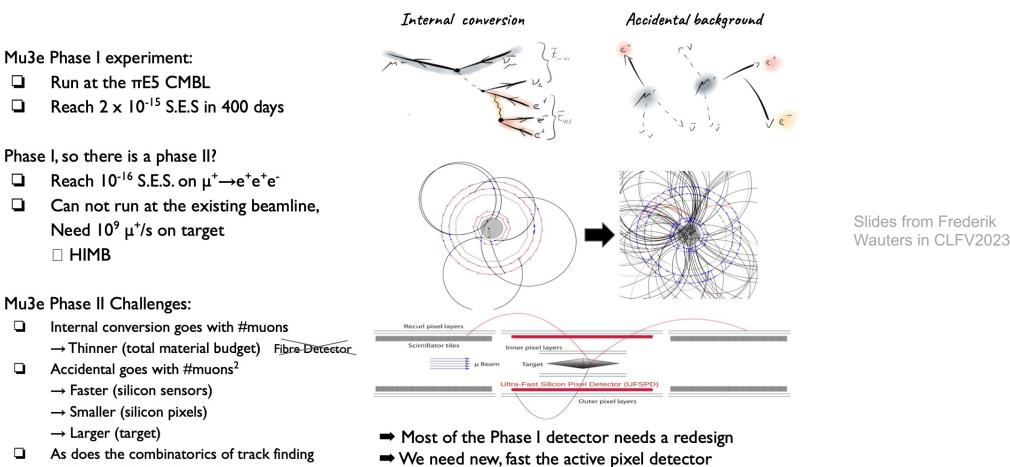




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## Mu<sup>3</sup>e phase II

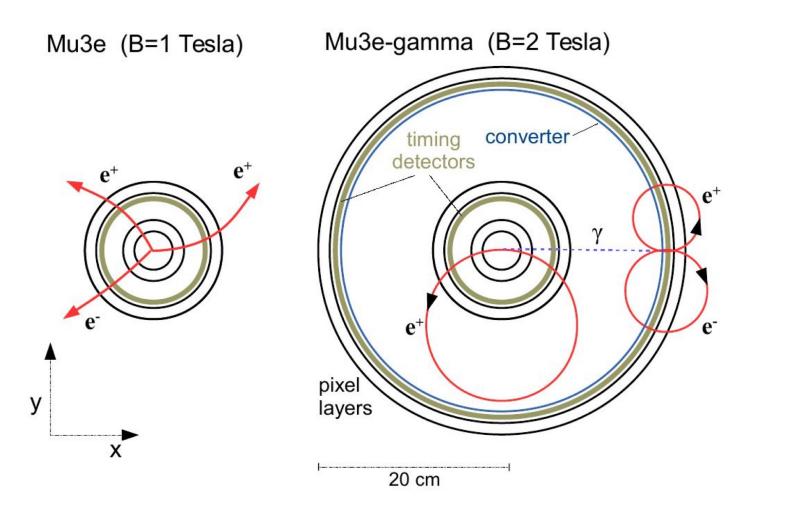


SiGe CMOS?

•

- $\rightarrow$  Smarter (online filtering)
- Large phase space of the beam

Conceptual design for gamma conversion at Mu3e

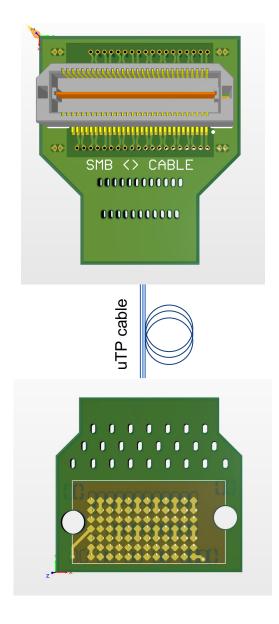


Slides from Frederik Wauters in CLFV2023



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### Connector boards





Yifeng Wang – ETH Zürich

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